

Reteaching **12**

ACTIVITY

The Rise of Medieval Europe

Even though medieval Europe encompassed a large landmass and many people, it was united by interrelated political and religious systems. Often one particular event, or cause, had a number of effects. Read the chart below to review some of the important events discussed in Chapter 12. Then provide a cause for each set of effects: You may need to review the chapter to find the causes.

Cause	Effects
1.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Western Europeans ruled by central government • Increase in learning and scholarship • Alliance established between pope and Frankish Empire
2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Greenland and Iceland settled • Western Europe becomes weakly centralized • Local officials and lords gain power
3.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Monasteries and convents established • Pope Gregory I sends monks to England
4.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Pope to be elected by cardinals • Lay investiture criticized; Inquisition begun • Franciscan and Dominican friars established
5.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Anglo-Saxon kingdoms united • Revival of learning in England
6.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The English king's power becomes limited • Nobles establish feudal rights • Freeman guaranteed right of trial by jury
7.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Henry IV quarrels with the pope and is proclaimed deposed • Henry seeks forgiveness from the pope.

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